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IBRARY

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T. S. Department of Agaculture.

Retail Price List

(29.

of

ulbs & Plants



from

GIESE'S Bulb and Flower Garden



Fall 1935 Spring 1936

O. L. GIESE

3424 Northwest Avenue

Bellingham, Washington

Bulbs · Plants · Cut Flowers

UNION PRINTING CO., BELLINGHAM, WASH.

UNION PRINTING CO., BELLINGHAM, WASH.



DON'T DESTOY. YOU MAY NEED IT SOME TIME. IF NOT, GIVE IT TO SOMEONE THAT MAY BE GLAD TO HAVE IT.

FALL PLANTING BULBS

All spring blooming bulbs should be planted after September 1 until December 1.

Prices as quoted are for extra first size bulbs. My bulbs are known for their size and quality. I do not quote cheap prices and furnish small bulbs at the price except when wanted and then at a lower price.

Prices of all bulbs are parcel post prepaid. Cash with order. Six at dozen price. Not more than three varieties in a dozen. Four of a kind same price. Per 100 is seven times the dozen rate. Four kinds, 25 at the 100 rate. Special prices quoted on larger quantities.

To see the beauty of the many different varieties you should visit

the garden at least once a month throughout the entire summer.

Send me the names of your friends who are interested in bulbs and plants with your order and I will give you something extra. Remember, you are always welcome. In handing or mailing you this, I always hope for the best.

Washington bulbs are better and bloom earlier than imported bulbs.

Hyacinths

Plant them six inches deep and eight inches apart. All Hyacinths are first size, 18 centimeters or over.

Each	Doz.
.\$.15	\$1.25
15	1.25
15	1.25
15	1.25
15	1.25
15	. 1.25
15	. 1.25
15	
15	1.25
	\$.15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15

Single Early Tulips

Bloom in April. They are especially adapted to bedding and fine for window boxes. Some are good for early cutting. Plant all tulips 5 inches deep and 5 inches apart.

deep and o menes apart.			
•		Ι	Ooz.
Coleur de Cardinal, brilliant crimson, fine, large		\$.50
Cramoisi Brilliant, bright scarlet, large, extra fine			.4(
Duchess de Parma, brown bordered orange, attractive			.70
Golden Queen, large golden yellow			.60
Keizerskroon, red, yellow border			.7
King of the Yellows, golden yellow			.5
Pink Beauty, dark rose, light border, extra choice			.9
Prince of Austria, brownish orange, fine, sweet scentetd			.5
Prosperity (Riene des Reines) soft rose pink			.4
Thomas Moore, orange, fine for early cut flowers			.5
White Hawk, pure white, the best early white			.50
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Darwin Tulips

The large and fell for suffice The first fully	D
The large and tall for cutting. The finest tulip.	Doz.
Allard Pierson, glossy deep maroon red, the best and earliest for	
forcing	\$.40
Baronne de la Tonnaye, bright rose pink, margin blush rose; large	
and last well when cut	.40
Clara Butt, apple blossom pink	.40
Europe, bright salmon scarlet	40
Farncombe Sanders, one of the largest and tallest, bright red	
La Candeur (White Queen) lovely soft white, slightly tinged blush.	.40
La Tulipe Noire (the Black Tulip) fine, large, jet black	.40
Pride of Harlem, bright crimson rose, suffused with purple, large	
and tall, one of the earliest	.40
Rev. H. Ewbank, vivid heliotrope, lilac or lavender	.40
Valentine, dark, purplish blue, very large, tall, early	.40

Breeder Tulips

The largest and tallest of all tulips; the old garden tulip.	oz.
Aspacia, cherry red, flushed purplish blue, very fine	
Cottage or May Flowering Tulips	
Improved bouton d'Or, finest golden yellow, fine Fairy Queen, rosy heliotrope, margered yellow, attractive Gesneriana, Alba, Oculata (Rosalind), rich crimson with white eye, very lovely Golden Crown, golden yellow, edged red, very flashy Ingescombe Pink (Salmon Queen) pale salmon pink, fine and large. Ingescombe Yellow, glossy canary yellow Macraspila, brilliant red, very sweet scented Picotee (maiden's blush) white, edged with pink, pointed petals	.40 .30 .40 .35 .40 .35
MIXED TULIPS, all kinds and colors	.30
Lilies	
All blooming size bulbs. Dozen at the price of ten. Bulbs are	dug
	ach
Candidum or Madonna, or St. Joseph Lily, the early white lily of the garden. June-July, 4 ft\$.10, .20, Columbianum, Native golden yellow, dark maroon spots, June-July,	.30
2-4 ft\$.10, .20, Elegans, Bicolor, orange, edged scarlet, few black spots, the earliest lily to bloom, very hardy, and great bloomer, June, 2 ft5, .10, Hansonii, early 4 and 5 ft., lemon yellow, spotted brown, June-	
July	.60 .60
	.50
Regal (myriophyllum) the great favorite lily from China. First size	.20
Second size	.15
	$.10 \\ .35$
Testaceum or Nankeen, the mysterious fragrant yellow or apricot	.00
with orange yellow anthers. July, 4 ft	
Tigrinum Flora Plena, the double tiger lily, Sept., 3-4 ft15 and Washingtonianum or Mt. Hood Lily of Oregon—bell-shaped, June-	.20
	.50
Willmottiae, one of the finest, although not much known. Slender foliage, orange red flower, July-August, 2-4 ft50, .60,	.75
Bright Orange Grass or Day Lily, good strong roots	$.20 \\ .20$
Crocuses	
The first bloom of the season. Plant three inches deep, two inc	hes
apart.	oz.
Albion, fine purple\$ Mammoth Yellow, golden yellow	.35
	$\frac{.35}{.35}$

Narcissus or Daffodils

I sell none but state standard or extra size bulbs, and are fumigated according to law.
Doz.
Emperor, primrose perianth, golden yellow trumpet— Double nose bulbs\$.80 Single nose bulbs
Golden Spur, bright golden yellow, the earliest— Double nose bulbs
Glory of Sassenheim, large white perianth and golden yellow trumpet, early— Double nose bulbs
Double nose bulbs
Double nose bulbs
Olympia, huge chrome yellow, with golden yellow trumpet, a giant in size—
Double nose bulbs
Poeticus (Pheasant Eye) pure white, orange eye, the old fashioned single, fragrant— Double nose bulbs
Single nose bulbs
Princeps, pointed sulphur yellow perianth, darker yellow trumpet, one of the earliest—
Double nose bulbs
Sir Watkins (Incomparabilis) very large, fine sulphur yellow perianth, medium golden cup—
Double nose bulbs .65 Single nose bulbs .50
Van Waveren's Giant, a giant in size with sulphur yellow perianth, large yellow trumpet—
Double nose bulbs1.00Single nose bulbs.80
DOUBLE VARIETIES
Alba Pleno, fragrant snow white, late— Double nose bulbs
Single nose bulbs
Orange Phoenix, white with yellow segments in the center— Double nose bulbs
Single nose bulbs
Double nose bulbs
Dutch Iris, May Flowering
Bulbous iris, very showy, early and good for cutting. Plant five inches deep, four inches apart. Doz.
Albert Cuyp, pure white, falls lemon yellow\$.40
David Teniers, porcelain blue, falls yellow
Hobbema, palest blue, falls richer blue
Yellow Queen, the best, golden yellow, early90
Spanish Iris, June Flowering
They are fine for cut flowers, keep well.
Chrysolora, large bright yellow, early
King of the Blues, large dark blue, fine
Louise, porcelain blue

German Iris

_	
The various colors, length of time of blooming make them appreciated in the garden and for cut flowers. Blooming time is from April to June	much
Planting time is from August on. S. means Standard or the three upright petals. F. means Falls or the three drooping petals.	
1. means rans of the three drooping petals.	Each
1—Albert Victor, French blue	
2—Bronze Beauty, S rosy lavender, F rosy violet	
3—Blue Jay, S lilac, F darker than standard	
4—Candaceus, S lavender, F darker, fragrant	
5—Caprice, S rosy red, F same but deeper and richer	
6—Celeste, tall, light blue	
7—Crusader, large, uniform, blue violet, fine and tall	
8—Dianto, S cotinga purple, F pansy violet, fine, tall	_
9—Dr. Bernice, copper bronze with crimson edge	
10—Fabla, pale blue, yellow base	
11—Flavescens, lemon yellow	
12—Gold Coin, S golden yellow, F maroon	15
13—Greater May Queen, S Amparo purple, F slightly more violet,	9.0
fine and tall	
14—Haniball, S violet, F purple reticulated white laced, tall	10
15—Her Majesty, S pale coppery pink, F spreading of a deeper	0.0
shade	
16—Honorbilt, nearly a yellow self	
17—Ingeborg, large white, early	10
18—Irish King, S old gold, F velvety crimson maroon	20
19—Kochii, handsome rich claret purple	25
20-Lent A. Williams, S lavender violet blended with yellow at	
base, F velvet pansy violet	35
21—Lohengrin, Cattleyo-Mauve, fine and tall	
22-Monsignoor, S pale unveined, violet, F a ground work of the	
same shade but richer overlaid with purple	25
23—Niobe, dwarf, rich violet purple, good for border, or rockery,	
very early	.20
24—Prince of Wales, S dark indigo purple, F purple, fine	
	.20
25—Prosper Langler, S light bronze red, F velvety ruby purple	9.0
with orange beard	
26—Purple King, very dark purple, early	.15
27—Quaker Lady, S a smoky lavender with shades of yellow, F	•
deeper in color, tall	.30
28—Queen Catarina, S large, pale lavender, violet self, F are	
slightly flushed with deeper color. A lovely flower, very tall	.35
29—Rugojo, S pale fresh pink center with perilla purple at edge,	
F roods violet lighter at edge, tall, very fine	.30
30—Ruberissima, S rosy lilac, F claret	.15
31—Sherwin Wright, bright yellow	
32—Violance Grandiflower, S rich blue, F violet blue, tall	
33—Walhalla, S lavender, F wine	
34—Western Dream, S light violet, F hyssof violet, a light violet,	
self, a good bloomer and fine and tall	.30
35—White Knight, a beautiful pure white, classes as one of the	
best iris	.35
Dozen at average price of ten	.00
Dozen at average price of ten	
Inic for Pookony and Ross	
Iris for Rockery and Bogs	
(R)—Rockery (B)—Bog	
	Each
(R) Bracteata, native of coast. Thick grass foliage and deep	
yellow flowers penciled with fine brown lines. 8 in	\$.20
(R) Californica, dwarf. Fine for rockery. In pink, light blue,	π
violet, yellow, 6 in	.35
(R) Chrysophylli, native of coast. A dainty Iris with grassy leaves	.00
and white or soft yellow flowers, daintily veined with blue.	
6 in	.35
	. •
(B) Siberica, Blue Prince. Dark blue, white anthers. Excellent for	
cutting. Stiff stems and last long. Bloom in June, 18 in.	1 ~
Moist place	.15
(B) Spuria, a water loving species; in bright golden yellow and	9.0
lemon yellow, 2 to 3 ft. Fine for bogs and lily pools	.20
(R) Tenax. Pacific Coast species. Tiny Rock Iris, likes moist place,	
in reddish purple, purplish red, and lavender pink, fine yellow	
strines 8 in	.15

Iris—(Continued)

SISYRINCHIUM
(R) Bellum, a real glass-like flowering Iris. Dainty and attractive. Dark blue flowers with yellow eye. Blooms nearly all summer.
12 in. Good for rockery or bog
Peonies
Good strong, three to five-eyed roots.
Adolphe Rousseau, late, maroon red, rose shape
rose shape
rose, rose shape
CIECE'S SELECT STRAWDERRIES
GIESE'S SELECT STRAWBERRIES Giese's Select Strawberry—Non acid, looks and tastes like the old wild berry. Anyone who can't eat others can eat these. Frost proof and great bearers. Plants, per dozen, 30c; 50 at \$1.00, postpaid.
Grape Hyacinths
Muscaria Botryoides (Grape Hyacinths)—Very pretty, early spring blooming bulbous plants, succeeding well anywhere. Flowers resemble a minature Hyacinth. Color blueDoz30; 100, \$2
Orinthogalum (Star of Bethlehem)
Throws up a tall stem with a cluster of star-shaped flowers; pure white with dark centers. Excellent for cutting, lasting a long time in water. Also very adaptable to pot-culture. Doz., .25; per 100, \$1.50
Camassia
Native Blue, 14 inches high, good for bed or rockery; bulbs, doz\$.75
Mariposa or Butterfly Tulips
El Dorado, 1 to 2 ft. high, and branch in white, lilac and purple. Mixed bulbs, per doz\$1.00
Brodiaea
(R) Californica. Commonly called Harvest Brodiaea. Deep blue flowers in clusters. 12 in
Scilla Campanulata (Bell Flower) Fine for rockery and bedding. May flowering.

Doz.

SEEDS

Lilium and other Bulbous Seeds

Lilium and other bulbous Seeds	
	Pkt.
COLUMBIANUM LILIES	\$.10
REGALE LILIES	
(R) TENUIFOLIUM LILIES	.25
(R) CAMASSIAS. Native blue	
CAMASSIAS—Leichlinii Californian, in light blue, dark blue and	
white	20
(R) MARIPOSA or BUTTERFLY TULIPS, mixed seeds	
DOG TOOTH VIOLETS (Erythronium), mixed seeds	
bod footh violets (Liyanomam), mixed seeds	, .40
Iris	
	0
See Iris for description.	
	Pkt.
Bracteata	
Californica	
Chrysophylli	
Siberica	10
Spuria	10
Tenax	15
SISYRINCHIUM	
Bellum	
Iridi	10

PLANTS

Perennials, Rockery, Alpine and Bog Plants

All rockery plants are marked with an R. Bog plants are marked B. All plants are well rooted, and in good condition when shipped. Price for plants is for commercial size, as shipped by parcel post seedlings or extra large plants according to size, twelve plants at the price of ten, parcel post prepaid. I have many other varieties but not a large enough supply to list at present. Let me know your wants and I may have it or can get it for you.

ACHILLEA (Milfoil. Yarrow)

(R) Archilleas are of easy culture and grow in any good garden soil. They are useful for the border, wild garden or shrubbery; also for cutting. The Pearl—2 ft., June to August. Pure white; fine for cutting.

Plants, each 10c.

AGROSTEMMA (Coronario. Mullen Pink)

Rose Campion—One of the most attractive of the hardy perennials. Blooms the first season from seed, producing pretty pink-like blossoms on long slender stems. Fine for both mass planting and for bouquets. Height about 18 inches. Plants, each 10c.

ALYSSUM SAXATILE COMPACTUM

(Basket of Gold)—1 foot. May-June. Producing masses of golden flowers very early. May be planted effectively with Arabis. Plants, each 15c.

ANDROSACE (Rock Jasmine)
(R) Lanuginosa Leichtlini—"The most alpine of all alpines," a free growing trailing plant with gray silky foliage and umbels of white flowers with small crimson eye. Plant in gritty soil, the roots requiring the cool moisture of the stones. Protect from extreme moisture during winter months. May to October. Plants, each 30c.

AQUILEGIA (Columbine)

(R) Alpina. (Rocky Mountain)—Blue and white, bronze. All colors. Hybrid Longspur—All colors. Plants, each 20c.

ARABIS (Rock Cress)

(R) One of the earliest and prettiest spring flowers for rockeries or edging. Sow seeds in permanent location and thin to 6 inches. Gray green foliage, sheets of fragrant flowers. Will stand drouth. 6 to 8 inches high. April and May.

(R) Alpina—Pure white flowers. Plants, each 20c.

(R) Alpina Flore Pleno-Double white flowers with pinkish tinge. Plants, each 20c.

(R) Rosea—Dainty sprays of rose colored flowers. Plants, each 20c.

AMERIA (Thrift Sea Pink)

(R) Grand plants for crevices of wall and rocks, and also for growing in flower borders or as permanent edgings; excellent plants for the sea coast. June-July.

Maritima—3 to 6 inches. May-June. Silvery pink flowers. Plants,

each 20c.

ASTER (Alpinus)

(R) Now fill a most important place in all hardy flower gardens, lighting up the borders and shrubberies with their masses and clouds of dainty and brightly colored blossoms throughout the autumn months up to November, when other flowers are scarce.

Alpinus Goliath—Large, soft blue. Plants, each 20c.

Alpinus Nixc-Light blue, star-shaped. Plants, each 20c.
(R) Alpinus Townsendii-Fine early flowering type; 18 to 24 inches, in lavender, pink, and dark blue. Plants, each 20c.

ASTERS—PERENNIAL

(Fall-Flowering Hardy Michaelmas Daisies)
Among the showiest of our late flowering perennials giving a wealth of bloom during September and October. For best effect should be planted in masses of one color.

Abendroethe (Evening Glow)—Rosy red; 3 feet.

Novae Angeliae—Bright violet purple. 4 feet. Nova Belgi St. Egwin—Soft rose pink, very free. 3 feet.

Perry's White-Flowers pure white, golden center. 2 inches. 3 to 4 feet. Plants, each 15c.

AUBRIETIA (Wall Cress)

Neat tufts of foliage, smothered during spring and early summer with gorgeous colored pink to purple flowers. Fine for planting in rock crevices or on walls. 4 to 6 inches.

(R) Crimson King-Plants, each 20c.

(R) Dr. Mules—Purple. Plants, each 20c. (R) Eyrii—Blue. Plants, each 20c.

(R) Fire King—Red. Plants, each 25c.
(R) Hendersoni—Lavender. Plants, each 15c.
(R) Moerheimi—Pale rose. Plants, each 25c.

BELTONIA

A tall, fluffy pink flower, good for background. Chrysanthemum-like leaves. 4 to 5 feet. Plants, each 25c.

CALAMINTHA

(R) Alpina-A graceful little rock plant with spreading tufts of pretty foliage, spangled with lavender blue flowers. 6-8 in. June-Aug. Plants, each 25c.

CAMPANULA (Bell Flower)

(Perennial Canterbury Bells) Glomerata—18-20 inches. Violet flowers.

Persicifolia Alba-24 inches. White.

Rotundifolia—12 inches. Blue.

Plants, each 10c.

CAMPANULA (Alpinus)

(R) Pusilla—Dark blue. 3-4 inches.

(R) Pusilla—Light blue.

(R) Pusilla Alba-White. 3-4 inches.

(R) Rocky Mountain Blue Bells-10 inches.

Plants, each 15c.

Scotch Bluebells—18 inches. Plants, each 15c.

CARNATION

Chabaud's Everblooming, a hardy French strain with long stems and very double. Excellent for cut flowers. Mixed colors. Plants, each 20c.

CENTAUREA (Perennial)

A dry, sandy soil of moderate fertility seems to suit them best, keeping up a profusion of bloom all summer.

Montana Blue—Large-flowered perennial Cornflower.

Montana Alba-White.

Plants, each 10c.

CENTRANTHUS

Valeria-like flower, compact, handsome, bushy plant, blooming all summer. 2 feet high.

Rubrum—Red. Plants, each 20c. Album—White. Plants, each 15c.

CERASTIUM

Tomentosum (Snow in Summer)—4 inches. Silvery white foliage, covered with snow-white flowers in early summer.

(R) Grandiflorum-Plants, each 10c.

CHELONE

Long coral-red spike like a penstemon.

Hybrida (Turtle Head)—2 ft. July and September. Allied to Pentstemon; throws out long spikes of brilliantly-colored flowers. In red and pink. Plants, each 10c.

CHEIRANTHUS (Siberian Wallflower)

(R) Allioni—Dazzling fiery orange flowers on foot-high stems. Beau-

tiful rock plant, good winter bloomer. Plants, each 20c.

(R) Linifolius—Beautiful new species with lilac mauve flowers. Very free flowering. For dry rockeries and borders. 8 inches. June-July. Small plants, each 15c.

COREOPSIS (Tickseed)

One of the most popular hardy plants, the flowers are a rich golden

yellow of a beautiful graceful form and bloom June to October.

Lanceolata Grandiflora—2 feet. Large orange-yellow flowers on long graceful stems. About the best yellow cut flower blooming incessantly. Plants, each 15c.

CRUCIANELLA

Stylosa—Tangled masses of elegant foliage, with crowned heads of light red flowers. Plants, each 20c.

CORYDIALIS (Fumitory)

Cheilanthifolia—Handsome, early-flowering plant with fern-like foliage. Good in shady places. Yellow. May to October. 8 inches. Plants, each 15c.

DORONICUM (Leopardbane)

Early yellow daisy; one of the most effective early spring flowering plants. Large yellow daisy-like flowers on stems 2 to 3 feet high. Equally attractive as a single plant or in a hardy border; succeeds anywhere. Plants, each 20c.

Bellis Perennis (Double English Daisy).

Fire King—Very striking shining flower with quilled petals and yellow center.

Longfellow Roses—Large double pink.

Gians to Arnstadt—Giant white flowers, resembling an annual Aster in size and form. Plants, each 10c.

DELPHINIUM (Hardy Larkspur)

"The new popular flower of the day." Within the past few years the culture of Delphinium has advanced greatly in the Pacific Northwest, the climatic conditions here being so favorable to perfect development. Profuse in their blooming with tall spikes of many colors and special characteristics of bee they offer the greatest interest and possibilities in their culture.

Blackmore-Langdon Strain-Your choice of colors. All shades of blue. Lavender and shades. Pink tinged light blue. Plants, single flowering, each 25c; double petaled flowering, each 35c; Plants of extra choice 75c and up. Seeds of my choicest ones only, none better, Pkt., 50c.

DIELYTRA OR DICENTRA (Bleeding Heart)

One of the prettiest and most popular hardy perennials, with heart-

shaped flowers in long drooping racemes.

Spectabilis—This variety, splendid for forcing, and prefers shady nooks in the borders. Especially valuable for planting in clumps. Rosecrimson flowers in long racemes. April to June. Plants, each 30c.

DIANTHUS (Alpine Species)

This genus contains some of the most charming of our alpine gems. They are of the easiest culture and thrive best in any well drained gritty soil. Charming for dark rockeries, dry walls or sunny spots.

(R) Arvenensis—Mass of gray leaves covered with numerous pink flowers. Very fine. 4-6 inches. Plants, each 25c.

(R) Neglectus-Another fine Alpine pink. Grass-like leaves, pink flower on 6 inch stems. Plants, each 25c.

(R) Superbus-Dwarf, carrying pink flowers on long stems above

foliage. 10-12 inches. Plants, each 20c.

(R) Dianthus (Deltoides Baikaun)-Siberian pink rock plant. Slow creeper. Bright pink. July to Sept. Plants, each 10c.

DIANTHUS (Sweet Williams)

Barbrata—Mixed colors. Plants, each 10c.
DODOCATHEON (Bird's Bill or Shooting Stars)

(R) Jeffervi—Flowers white and pink, very robust; 10 to 14 inches. Plants, each 30c.

ERYSIMUM

(R) Pulchellum (Fairy Wallflower)—A new dwarf species forming close mats of dark green, later eclipsed with yellow bloom. Sandy soil. Plants, each 20c.

EDELWEISS (Queen of the Alps) (R) Leontopodium Alpinum—4-12 inches. June-July. The true and famous Edelweiss of the Alps. The flowers are of downy texture, pure silver white and star shaped. Succeeds in almost any soil with full exposure to sun. Plants, 25c.

ERINUS

(R) Alpinus—Diminutive evergreen rock plants; from close tufts of dark green foliage emanate numbers of short spikes well set in white, pink, red or lavender flowers, Especially desirable for old walls, between steps or stepping stones. 3 inches high. May to July. Plants, each 15c.

ERIOPHYLLUM (Oregon Sunshine)

Ceaspitosum—Brilliant yellow. Fine in full sun. 8 in. Plants, each 15c.

GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower)

One of the showiest hardy plants. Combination coloring of yellow, brown, crimson and orange. Plants, each 15c.

GENTIANA (Blue Gentiana)

(R) Cruciata—Small blue flower in clusters. July and August. 6 in. Plants, each 25c.

(R) Spider Wort—Blue flowers in clusters. 12 in. May and June.

GERANIUM (Crane's Bill)

Fremontii—Large pink flower. 18 inches. Plants, each 20c.

GEUM

Handsome hardy perennials; bloom freely all season; fine for bouquets. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.

Mrs. Bradshaw—A brilliant scarlet-cardinal flower the size of a large carnation, which it somewhat resembles.

Lady Strathedon—Flowers rich golden yellow.

Plants, each 20c.

GOLDEN GLOW

One of the most popular hardy plants, growing 6 to 7 feet high, producing masses of large double yellow flowers, shaped like a Cactus Dahlia. Plants, each 15c.

GYPSOPHILIA (Perennial Baby's Breath)

Paniculata—Everlasting. Will not drop like common if cut fresh, and can be dried for 'use in winter bouquets. Plants, each 25c.

HELLEBORUS (Christmas or Lenten Rose)
Flowering during lenten season. Rich soil, some shade, well drained. Slow grower, long lived, in red, pink, and white. Plants 50c and larger 75c.

HELIANTHEMUM

Mutabile (Rock Rose)—Low-growing evergreen plants forming large clumps, completely covered with bloom during July and August. Pale rose, red, yellow and white. 8-12 in. Excellent for rockeries. Mixed colors. Plants, each 15c.

HELENIUM (Sneezewort)

Late-flowering, hardy perennials; broad heads of elegant, goldenyellow flowers; fine for cutting. 5 to 6 feet.

Autumnale Superbum-Plants, each 30c.

HEUCHERA (Coral Bell or Alum Root)

(R) Glabella—A fine alum root. Very fine foliage and flowers. Soft

yellow. 12 in. Plants, each 15c.

(R) Sanguinea Hybrid Grandiflora Coral Bell—Beautiful plants for front row of borders, with slender, fairy-like spikes of richly colored flowers; most striking in the garden and light and graceful for cutting. Red, pink and white. Plants, each 15c.

HESPERIS (Sweet Rocket)

Matronalis—Fine for cutting. 3 ft. Decoration time. Lavender and white. Plants, each 15c.

HIERACIUM

(R) Villosum (Shaggy Hawkweed)—12 in. July. Plant is covered with a white silkiness effective for its large golden yellow flowers and silvery foliage, suitable for rock work. Plants, each 15c.

HYPERICUM (St. John's Wort)

(B) Calycinum (Rose of Sharon)—Low growing evergreen, with underground runners, producing a beautiful carpet of green about 10 inches thick, with large yellow flowers during June to August. Plants, each 10c.

HOLLYHOCK

One of the oldest flowers. Double. Various colors. Plants, each 20c. IBERIS (Candytuft) Perennial

(R) Dwarf evergreen plants, 6 to 10 inches, covered with blooms in spring and early summer. Excellent for rockeries or borders where bright dwarf masses are wanted.

Gibraltarica—Pinkish white.

Sempervirens—Flowers form a sheet of whiteness.

Plants, each 10c

INULA

(R) Ensifolia—9 inches. July-Sept. Vigorous plant and a continuous bloomer with large yellow aster-like flowers and rather coarse foliage. Plants, each 15c.

LAVENDULA (Sweet Lavender)

Spicata—Lavender. 15 inches. Very fragrant, use in shopping bags. Plants, each 25c.

LINARIA

(R) Cymbalarih—A dainty creeper with lilac flowers. 3 inches, Plants, each 15c.

LINUM (Perennial Blue Flax)

(R) Alpinum-Blue. Plants, each 10c.

LUPIN (Perennial)

Most beautiful hardy border plants producing tufts of soft green foliage, from which arise in continuous succession the stately spikes of bloom.

Lupinus—Effective plants, producing large spikes of flowers.

Alba—White.

Roseus—A combination of light and dark pink.
Rosen—Fine pure light rose pink.
Moerheimii—Pink and white.

Ply Polyphyllus—Light blue.

Polyphyllus (Old-fashioned Garden Lupin)—Blue. 3 feet. Stately spikes of blue, flowers all summer. Plants, each 20c.

LYCHNIS CHALCEDONICA (Jerusalem Cross)

Heads of brilliant orange-scarlet on stems 2 to 3 feet high. Will thrive in any kind of soil. Plants, each 25c.

Roseum—Fine rose pink. Album—Pure white.

(R) Flow Cuculi (Ragged Robin)—The red flowers are in loose paniculate cluster. Resembles a geranium. 12 inches. June-Aug. Plants, each 25c.

Viscaria Splendens—A tuft of thick, grassy leaves and heads of flowers in red, bright pink and light pink on stems 12 to 15 inches. Very showy, and good for cutting. Plants, each 25c.

MYOSOTIS (Forget-Me-Nots)

(R) Alpestris (Indigo Blue)—Intense rich dark blue with long stems. 4 to 8 inches high. Plants, each 10c.

Palustris Samperflorens—A bright blue creeping Forget-Me-Not. 10 inches. Plants, each 10c.

PAPAVER (Orientalis Poppy)

Among hardy perennials no class is of more importance. Succeed in any soil and position, and if not let go to seed, flowering through a long season.

Rubera—Brick red. Plants, each 10c.

Rosea-Pale rose pink. Plants, each 25c.

Rosen-Shell pink. Plants, each 20c.

Nudicale (Iceland Poppy)—15 inches. Elegant free flowering plants bearing flowers in abundance all summer.

Nudicale—Yellow, orange, pink. Any color.

Plants, each 15c.

PANSIES

Swiss Giant Strain—Mixed. All colors. Plants, 6 for 25c.

PENTSTEMON (Beard Tongue)

This native plant furnishes the finest material for rock gardens as well as border plants. The evergreen shrubbery foliage makes them the choicest rock plants in form and color.

(R) Alpinus (Dwarf)—Low creeping plant of purple reddish flowers.

Evergreen. Plants, each (rare) 35c.

(R) Cardwelli-Evergreen. Bright purple. If cut will bloom several times in season. 10 inches. Plants, each 20c.
(R) Diffusus—Toothed leaves and showy heads of purple or blue

flowers in June. 14 inches. Plants, each 20c.

(R) Glaber-Blue. Green foliage. Dense spikes of sky-blue flowers tinted pink. 10 inches. Evergreen. Plants, each 30c.

Giant Flowering Hybrida Rubina-Bright red. Great bloomer nearly all summer of giant flowers but often dies the second year. Blooms to death. Very fine. Small plants that will bloom, each 20c.

Rosiea-Fine pink. Otherwise same as above one.

(R) Laverii-A bushy plant. 12 inches, with lavender blue and white base flowers. Plants, each 25c.

(R) Menziessi-Evergreen. Dwarf, woody plant. Spikes of large

blue or purple bells. A choice rock plant. 6 inches. Plants, each 30c.
(R) Rupicola—Dwarf mats of blue green leaves and bright purplish red flowers. A rare and fine plant. 6 inches. Plants, each 40c.

PHLOX DECUSSATA (Hardy Phlox)

Among hardy perennials no class is of more importance. Succeed in any soil and position, and flowering through a long season.

Bridesmaid-White, large crimson. Carmine center. Plants, No.

each 10c.

No. 2 Claireus—Dark purplish red with darker eye, good bloomer, Plants, each 10c.

No. 3 Coquiloeot—Scarlet, crimson eye. Plants, each 15c.

Deutchland (homeland)—Large trusses of brilliant oriental-No. red flowers with orange suffusion and crimson red eye. Plants, each 40c.

Diadem—Pure white. Plants, each 10c.

Elizabeth Campbell—Salmon pink, with lighter shadings. One of the most attractive of all Phlox. Plants, each 20c.

Prof. Virchow—Bright carmine, overlaid with orange and

scarlet. Plants, each 20c.

Peach Blossom-Dark salmon, pink, deep crimson eye. No. Plants, each 15c.

Rheinlander—Salmon pink, deep red eye. Plants, each 20c. No. 9 Richard Wallace—White with violet crimson eye. Plants,

No. 10 each 15c.

No. 11 Thor—Deep salmon pink, suffused with scarlet glow. Light halo surrounds analine red eye. Plants, each 20c.

No. 12 Lavender Beauty—Bluish lavender. good bloomer, very

nice. Plants, each 10c.

Lavender Queen (New)—Large spikes of dark purplish No. 13 lavender flowers. Will not sunburn. Plants, each 20c.

No. 14 Mrs. Jenkins-White, late. Plants, each 20c.

Miss Lingard (Suffruticosa)—Earliest of all. Large white No. 15 flowers. Plants, each 25c.

R. P. Struther-Rosy carmine with claret red eye. Plants, No. 16

each 15c.

No. 17 Selma—Pale rose, mauve with claret eye. Plants, each 15c.

Wm. Robinson—Pale rose salmon, purplish eye. No. 18 each 15c.

(R) Phlox Subulata (Moss or Mountain Pink)—Moss-like evergreen foliage which during the flowering season is hidden under the masses of bloom. Fine for border or rockeries.

Lilacina—Light lilac.

Rosen—Lavender pink. Plants, each 15c.

PLATYCODON (Chinese Balloon Flower)

-Very decorative, allied to the bell flowers. Large, lilac Grandiflorabells. Plants, each 20c.

POTENTILLA (Strawberry Flower)

Very effective plants for borders. Leaves and flowers are strawberry-

Grandiflora Rubera—Dark red, 18 inches. Plants, each 25c. Miss E. Wilmot—Crimson, 18 inches Plants, each 20c.

> RANUNCULUS (Early Buttercup)

(R) Californicus—Often the first to flower in spring. each 15c.

PRIMULA (Hardy Primrose)

One of the most interesting and pleasing hardy plants we have and as varied as they are beautiful.

(R) Auricula Alpine Primrose-Very hardy, good bloomer in various choice odd colors as brown, pink, yellow, blue, purple and others. Plants, each 20c.

Florindue—Fine new variety of fine canary yellow color. Good bloomer. 10 inches. Plants, each 20c.

(B) Japonica—Bog plant. Stems produce flowers one ring of blooms above another. Various colors. Plants, each 20c.

(R) Veres Triumph-Very fine and very heavy bloomer of great clusters of fine large flowers of various colors. Plants, each 15c.

PYRETHRUM (Painted or Persian Daisy)

Hybridum—Perfectly hardy and invaluable as a cut flower, lasting longer in water than most any other flower, and with their long stems they are ideal for decorative uses. Nothing can surpass the Pyrethrum profusion of flowers throughout May and June. Single or semi-double plants, each 20c.

RANUNCULUS (Early Buttercup)

(R) Californicus—Often the first to flower in spring. Plants, each 15c.

SAGINA (Pearlwort)

Subulata—Mossy green cushions, studded with tiny white flowers during May and June. Excellent for stepping stones. Plants, each 20c.

SAPONARIA OCYMOIDES

(R) Splendens—A low creeping plant with small phlox-like blossom forming a carpet of flowers, cherry pink. A rock garden gem. Plants, each 25c.

SAXIFRAGA

Probably represent the largest and most interesting family of rock plants. There are more than 300 varieties, of which I have a fine col-. lection.

(R) Aizoon—Fine encrusted ornamental rosettes of dainty white flowers. 5 inches. Plants, each 10c.

(R) Aizoon Rosea—A bright pink flowering form of the preceding. Plants, each 10c.

(R) Decipiens Rosea-Neat tufts with bright pink flowers. A recent introduction. 4 to 6 inches high. Plants, each 15c.

 (R) Decipiens Grandiflora—White. 10 to 12 in. Plants, each 15c.
 (R) Eastwoodiaea—Grows on damp, mossy rocks in partial shade. 18 inches. White flowers in clusters. Plants, each 15c.

(R) Pyramidalis—Very robust, 6 inches to 2 feet high when in flower. The rosettes are large and glaucous and the flowers very numerous in a large panicle, white speckled with crimson. June and July.

(R) Alphinus—Dwarf, 6 inches. Plants, each 20c.
 (R) Andrewsii—12 inches. Plants, each 20c.

(R) Silver-20 inches. Plants, each 20c.

(R) Rhei Superba-Red. 5 inches. Plants, each 15c.

SEDUM (Stonecrop)

The dwarf varieties are charming plants for sunny positions in the rockery, and the taller kinds are good for border and rockery. They are interesting as well as pleasing.

(R) Album—Quick growing, mat forming, short stems, round fat

leaves. White flowers. 3 inches. Plants, each 15c.

(R) Acre-Bright green, mossy foliage, good creeper, bright yellow flowers. 3 inches. Plants, each 15c.

(R) Dasiphyllum—One of the finest rock plants. A compact mass of pale blue pearly beads strung tightly together. White flowers. A slow creeper. 2 inches. Plants, each 20c.

(R) Murale-Flat, reddish foliage with white flowers having a pink

center. 3 inches. Plants, each 20c.

(R) Oreganum—Rosettes of fat dark green leaves. Yellow flower.

inches. Plants, each 25c.

- (R) Spathulifolium—Clusters of soft gray rosettes bearing great heads of yellow flowers on reddish stems. A real rock plant. 4 inches. Plants, each 25c.
- (R) Spectabile—Broad light green foliage. Pink flower. Plants, each 20c.
- (R) Stenopetalum—Fine tight growing blue-green foliage. Yellow. inches. Plants, each 20c.
- (R) Yasemitensia-Odd angular leaves in half-closed rosettes. Cream colored flowers in heads. Creeper. 10 inches. Plants, each 15c.

SEMPERVIVUM (Houseleek)

Usually called "Hen and Chickens."

(R) Brownii (Leaves are Brown)—Small size, reddish flower, Plants, each 25c.

(R) Globiferum-Medium size, red flower. Plants, each 20c.

(R) Laggeri (Spider-Web)—Very small and fine salmon flower. Plants, each 20c.

(R) Montanum—Medium size, reddish. Plants, each 15c.

(R) Tactorum—Big rosettes, fleshy leaves, pink flowers. Plants, each 15c.

SHASTA DAISY (Alaska)

Sieger-The largest flowering daisy yet introduced; immense fluffy white flowers with yellow centers, measuring 4-6 inches across. Plants, each 15c.

SIDALCEA

Spicata—Geranium-like leaves, clear pink or rose hollyhock-like flowers in spikes. Height 2-3 feet. Plants, each 25c.

SILENE (Catchfly)

This delightful group of plants are very desirable for the rock garden. They are allied to the pinks, blooming nearly all summer and giving great pleasure.

(R) Maritima—Glaucous blue foliage of a pleasing tint, makes a very compact mass, covered with white flowers June to August. Very fine for hot dry spots, stems should hang over edge of rock wall to keep foliage and flowers clean. 4 inches. Plants, each 30c.

(R) Schafta—A beautiful alpine species with large bright rose pink or carmine flowers. Probably the best known of all the Silenes. Trailing,

3 to 6 inches. Plants, each 20c.

SOLIDAGA (Golden Rod)

Native golden yellow flower, 2 feet. Plants, each 15c.

SYNTHIRIS

(R) Rotundifolia (Sweet Seri)—A rock garden gem; violet blue flowers in early March. 3 to 4 inches. Plants, each 20c.

THLMUS (Thyme)

A very few plants will give as fine carpeting effect and brightness of color and covering in a rockery.

(R) Serphillium Couinea—This is the crimson flowered variety;

also a neat creeping plant for rockery work. Plants, each 15c.

(R) Rerphillum Alba-White, 3 inches. Creeping plant for rockery work. Plants, each 10c.

TRITOMA (Red Hot Poker)

Also called Flame Flower or Torch Lily

Borsch's Hybrids—Early, perpetual flowering hybrids. Plants, 20c. Mamouth—Large. 4 ft. tall. Plants, 25c.

VANCOUVERA (Insideout Flower)

(R) Parsiflora—Ferny leaves. Fine flowers. 10 in. Plants, each 15c.

VALERIANA (Garden Heliotrope)

Coccinea—Rosy pink. 24 inches. Very fragrant. Used in shopping bags. Plants, each 20c.

VERONICA (Speedwell)

Some of the most charming forms for the rockery or hardy borders are found in this family. They thrive wonderfully and richly reward

Longifolia Subsessilis—One of the handsomest blue flowering plants. Hardy and increases in strength and beauty each year. Spikes 2 to 3 feet high, completely studded with beautiful blue flowers from July to September. Excellent for cutting. Plants, each 10c.

(R) Rentone—One of the finest of all Veronicas for the rockery. Sub-shrubbery. 3 to 4 inches high with bright blue flowers. Wonderfully

fine for carpeting. Plants, each 25c.

(R) Repens-Light lilac. A rockery carpeting gem. 3 inches. Plants, each 15c.

VIOLA ODORATA (Sweet Violets)

No flower is a greater favorite. The violets we offer are hardy, and while they will do well in almost any position, they will do best in partial shade.

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{(R)} & \textbf{Baroness Rothschild} \\ \hline \textbf{(R)} & \textbf{Lady Hume Campbell} \\ \hline \textbf{-Double.} & \textbf{Violet blue.} & \textbf{Scented. Plants,} \\ \end{array}$ each 15c.

VIOLA CORNUTA

"Tufted Pansies"—The flowers are not so large as regular pansies but bloom so freely that for bedding effect they are unsurpassed. The colors are distinct and they also bloom for a long time.

(R) Jersey Gem—Popular plant which flowers through a very long

season. Fine large violet blue pansy-like flowers. Plants, each 20c.

(R) Glabella—Big leaved, branching. Persistent bloomer. Yellow, shaded purple at base. Plants, each 20c.

ADIANTUS (Ferns) (Maidenhair Fern)

(R) Pedaum—A dainty, fine, slender, dark, shining stalks. 12 to

20 inches. Fine leaves. Plants, each 30c.
(R) Aspidum Lonchitis—Small sword fern for the rockery. Plant on slab of wood buried a few inches, in shade. 6 to 10 inches. Plants, each 20c.

POLYSTICHUM MUNITUM RAULF

A large, coarse sword fern used for funeral designs as well as for decorations. Plant in moist and shady places. 2 to 3 feet. Plants, each

The Woodwardia Radicans (Woodwardia) is another old family friend, with hardiness as its middle name. It is tall and stately—asking only shade and dampness to grow and flourish. As a background it is unsurpassed, and seems to disdain its more tender neighbors. Plants, each 25c.

O. L. GIESE'S

Bulb and Flower Garden

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